

Natural full grain aniline leather with a hand distressed surface highlighting the characteristic and beauty of the selected hide. (Hide size av. 4.5sqm, thickness ca. 1.0mm)

Applications	Suitable for residential, contract.
Natural Leather	Leather is a natural product and the uniqueness of each hide is identified on occasion by growth marks, scars, variations in grain and other natural characteristics which add to the beauty of real leather and should not be regarded as a defect. Due to the natural properties of leather, colour and texture variations between batches may occur.
Care Information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Extra care is required as aniline leather is more susceptible to marking, soiling and spillage marks. ✓ Wipe away stains with a soft damp cloth as soon as they occur. ✓ Dust with a soft cloth and Vacuum frequently. ✓ Futura cleaners and conditioners are available to help maintain this leather type and will be beneficial if used from new.
Precautions Protect from / Avoid	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✗ Sources of excessive heat, i.e. fires or close to radiators ✗ Direct sunlight particularly on aniline and semi aniline types ✗ Furniture polishes and waxes ✗ Household detergents and solvents
Characteristics and Test Methods	Manufactured under the ISO9001:2008 quality system and to comply with British / European standards for upholstery leather and the furnishings fire safety regulations 1988.

Characteristic	Method	Recommended Values
Fastness to Rubbing 50 dry	EN ISO 11640 EN ISO 11641	min 3 grey scale
Fastness to Rubbing 20 wet		min 3 grey scale
Fastness to Rubbing 10 alkaline ph8		min 3 grey scale
Flexing Endurance	N/A	N/A
Tear Strength	EN ISO 3377-1	≥ 20 N
Surface Adhesion	N/A	N/A
Colour Fastness to Light	EN ISO 105-B02	Min 3 blue scale
Fire Resistance - Domestic	BS5852:part 1 ign. source 0 cigarette	Pass
Fire Resistance - Domestic	BS5852:part 1 ign. source 1 match	Pass
FR – Contract (specify requirement on order)	BS5852 Crib/Source 5	Pass (after treatment)

All our leathers comply with strict regulations and EU directives covering the use and presence of PCP, CFC, ChromoVI, Dimethylfumarate (DMF) and Azo dyestuffs during the tanning process.